

Chain Rule: If $y = f[g(x)]$ then $y' = f'[g(x)]g'(x)$.

→ The derivative of a composite function is the derivative of the outside function evaluated at the inside function times the derivative of the inside function. You differentiate from the outside in.

a) If $w = (2x^2 - x)^5$ find $\frac{dw}{dx}$.

$$w' = \underbrace{5(2x^2 - x)}^4 \cdot (\underbrace{4x - 1}_\uparrow)$$

b) If $u(t) = \ln(x^4 + 5)$ find $u'(t)$.

$$u' = \frac{1}{x^4 + 5} \cdot 4x^3$$

c) If $y = \underline{x^4} e^{\underline{3x+1}}$ find y' .

$$\begin{aligned}y' &= x^4 \cdot e^{3x+1} \cdot 3 + e^{3x+1} \cdot 4x^3 \\&= x^3 \cdot e^{3x+1} [3x + 4].\end{aligned}$$